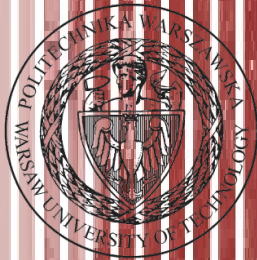


# Advanced Programming C#

## Lecture 2

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# C# Classes, Properties, Controls

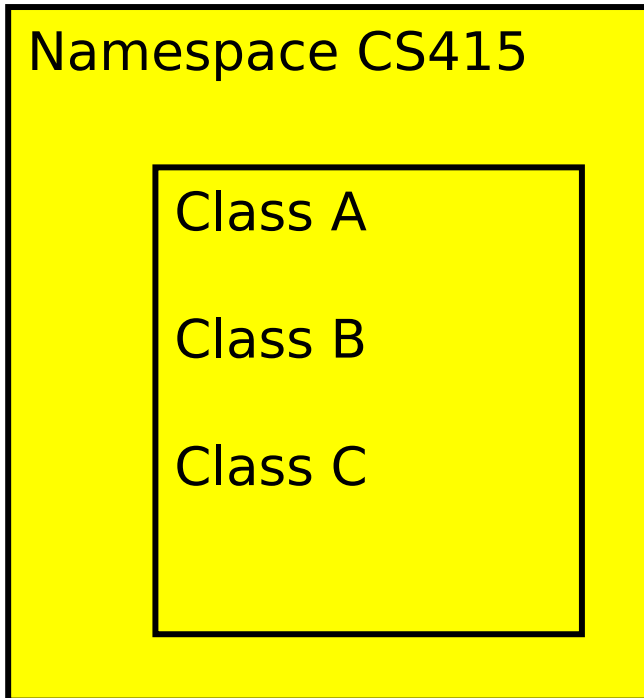
# Constructions of Note

---

- `using`
  - like `import` in Java: bring in namespaces
- `namespace`
  - disambiguation of names
  - like Internet hierarchical names and Java naming
- `class`
  - like in Java
  - single inheritance up to object

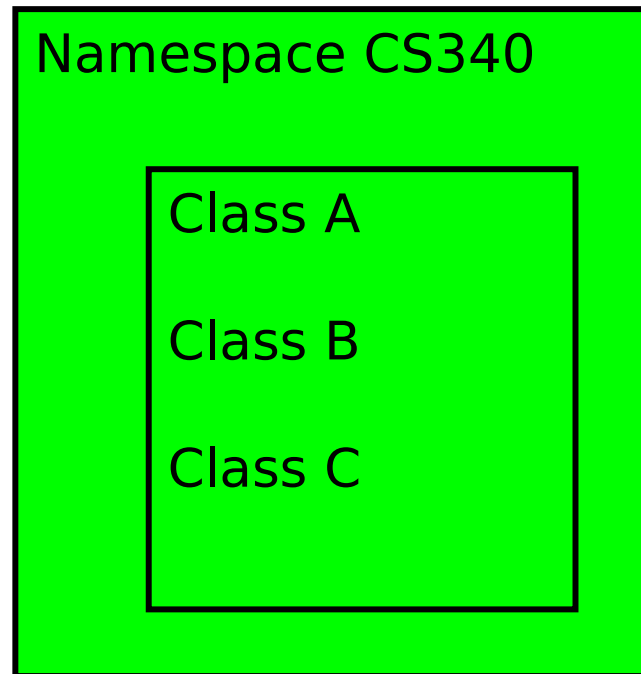
# Namespaces

- Permits isolation of names
- Can be nested
- Access via fully qualified names



**CS415 . A...**

**CS340 . A...**



# Language Features : Classes

- Single inheritance
- Multiple interface implementation
- Class members
  - Constants, **fields**, methods, **properties**, indexers, **events**, operators, constructors, destructors
  - Static and instance members
  - Nested types
- Member access
  - Public, protected, internal, private

# Properties

- Properties are “smart fields”
  - Natural syntax, accessors, inlining

```
public class Button: Control
{
    private string caption;

    public string Caption {
        get {
            return caption;
        }
        set {
            caption = value;
            Repaint();
        }
    }
}
```

```
Button b = new Button();
b.Caption = "OK";
String s = b.Caption;
```

# foreach loop

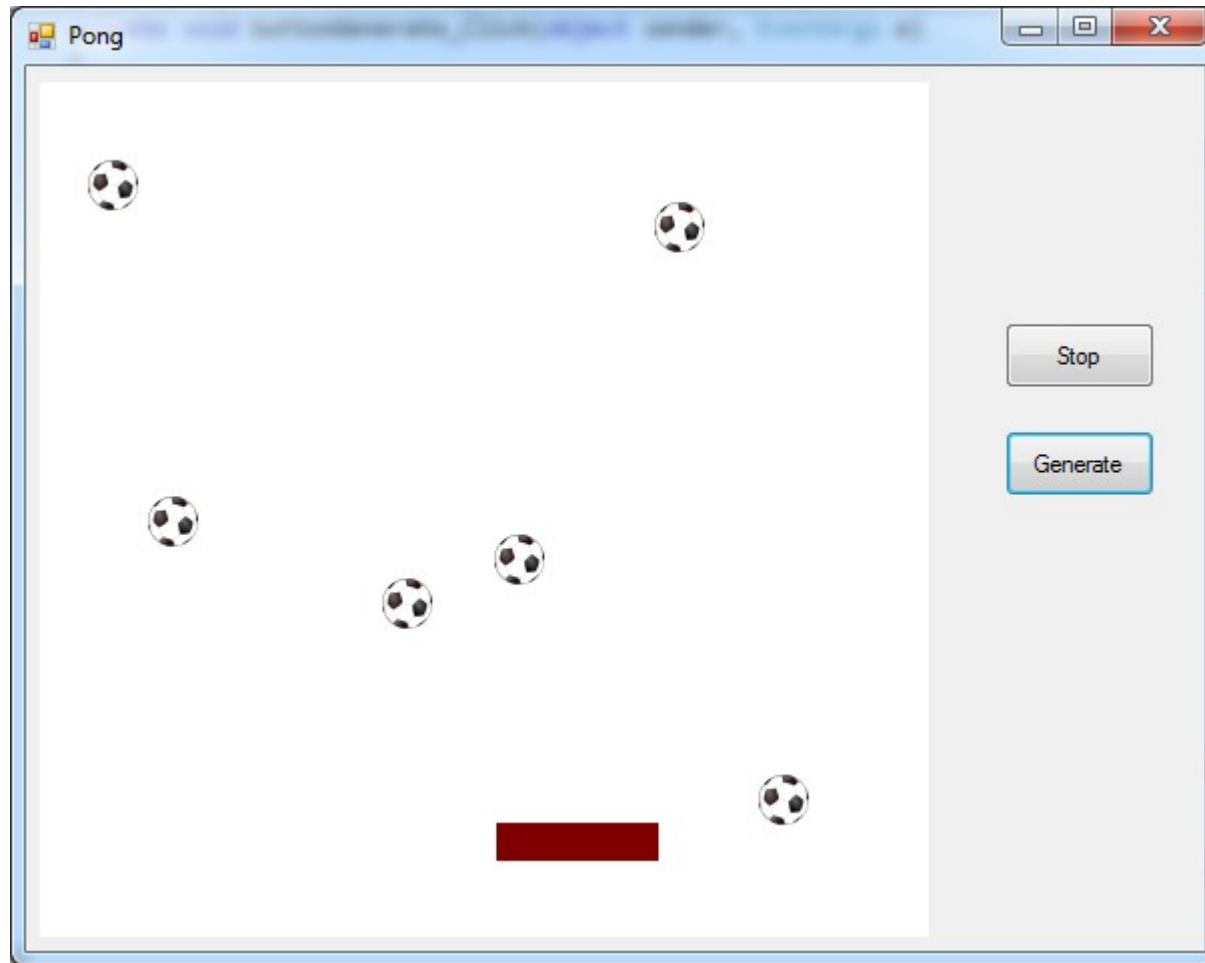
- Iteration of arrays

```
public static void Main(string[] args) {  
    foreach (string s in args) Console.WriteLine(s);  
}
```

- Iteration of user-defined collections

```
foreach (Customer c in customers.OrderBy("name")) {  
    if (c.Orders.Count != 0) {  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

# Pong multi-ball game



Windows Forms



# Adding external resources

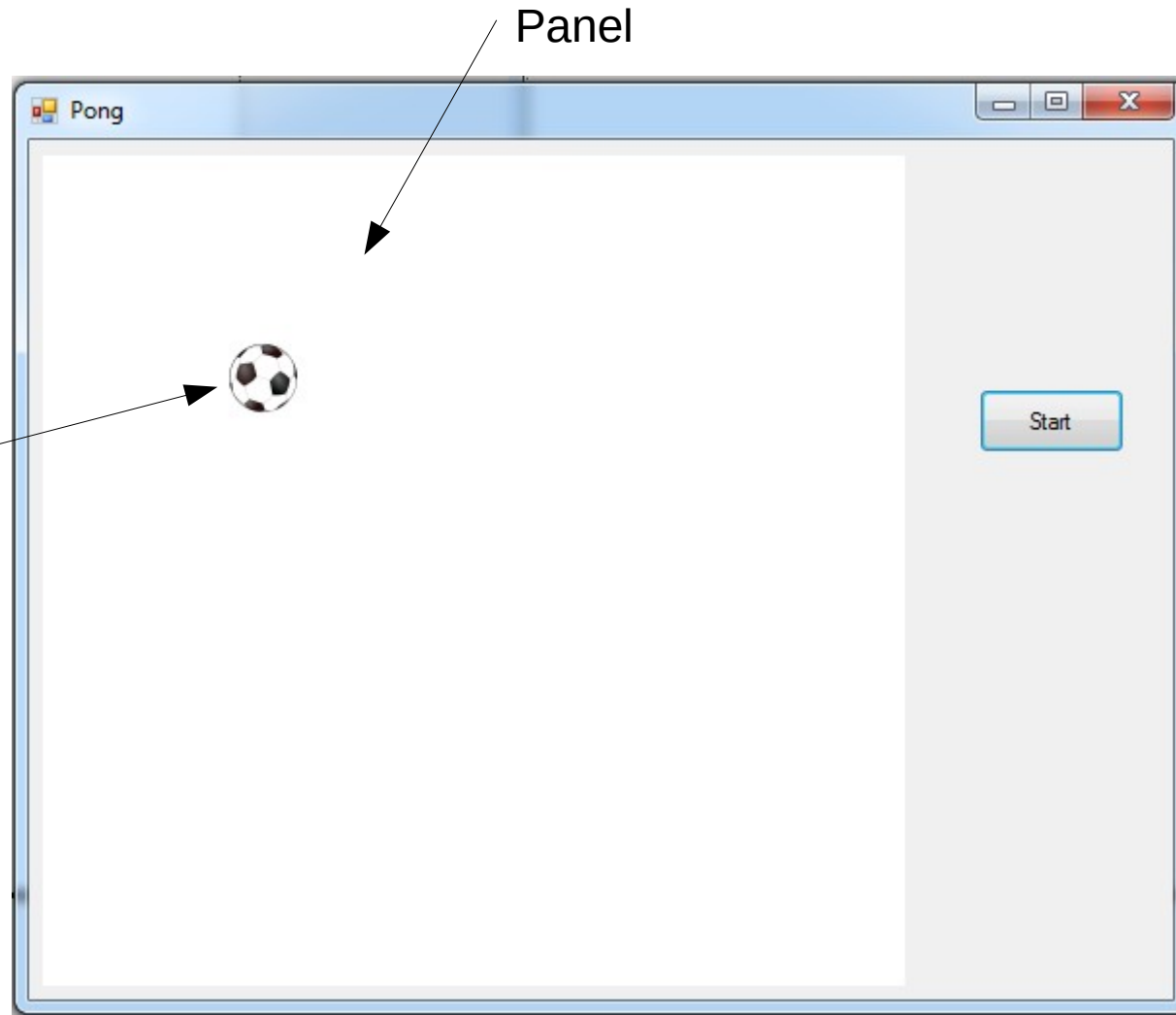
- Solution Explorer
  - Properties
    - Double click Resources.resx
      - Add Resource...
        - Add Existing File...

[http://images.all-free-download.com/images/graphiclarge/soccer\\_ball\\_clip\\_art\\_13012.jpg](http://images.all-free-download.com/images/graphiclarge/soccer_ball_clip_art_13012.jpg)

A screenshot of Visual Studio showing the Resources.resx file in the Solution Explorer and the Resources.resx file in the Properties window. The Properties window shows a table with columns for Name, Value, and Comment. The table has one row with the name 'String1' and an empty Value and Comment field. The Solution Explorer shows the project structure for 'WindowsFormsApplication2' with files: Properties, AssemblyInfo.cs, Resources.resx, and Resources.Designer.cs.

Name	Value	Comment
String1		

# Task 1: PictureBox Movement



## PictureBox

- Image (loaded as a resource)
- SizeMode
- Should move after clicking „Start”

+ timer



timerBallMovement

→ only one event

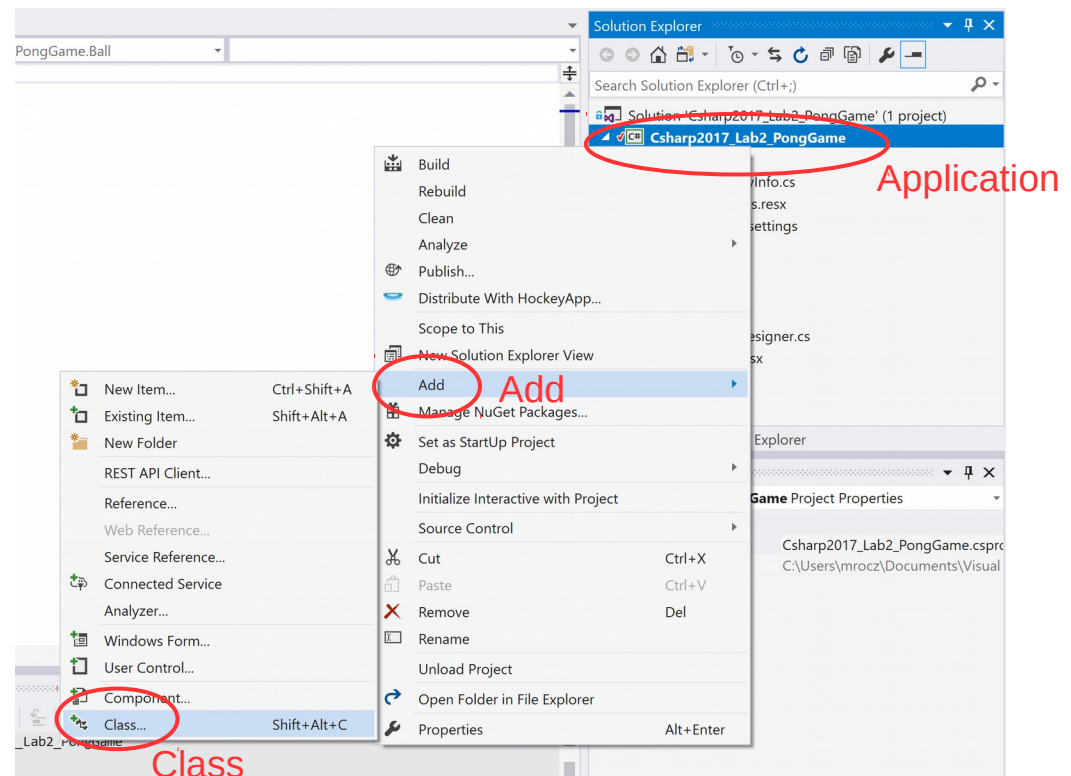
Change of the control position:  
ball.Location = new Point(10,10);

# Creating new class

- We want the ball to have additional property: velocity ( $V_x$ ,  $V_y$ ).
  - We want to extend PictureBox class, adding this additional property.
- Application → Add → Class...
  - Ball.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;

namespace WindowsFormsApplication_Lab2_Pong
{
    class Ball
    {
    }
}
```



# Class inheritance

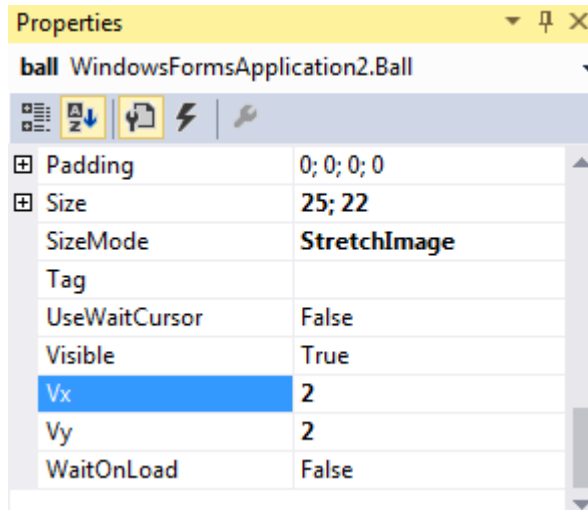
- Inheritance **Ball** : **PictureBox**
- PictureBox exists in `System.Windows.Forms` namespace.
- Fields can be created and immediately initialized.

```
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace WindowsFormsApplication_Lab2_Pong
{
    class Ball : PictureBox
    {
        private double vx = 2;
        private double vy = 2;
    }
}
```

- Build & Start your project
- You can now add Ball control from the Toolbox!

# Properties



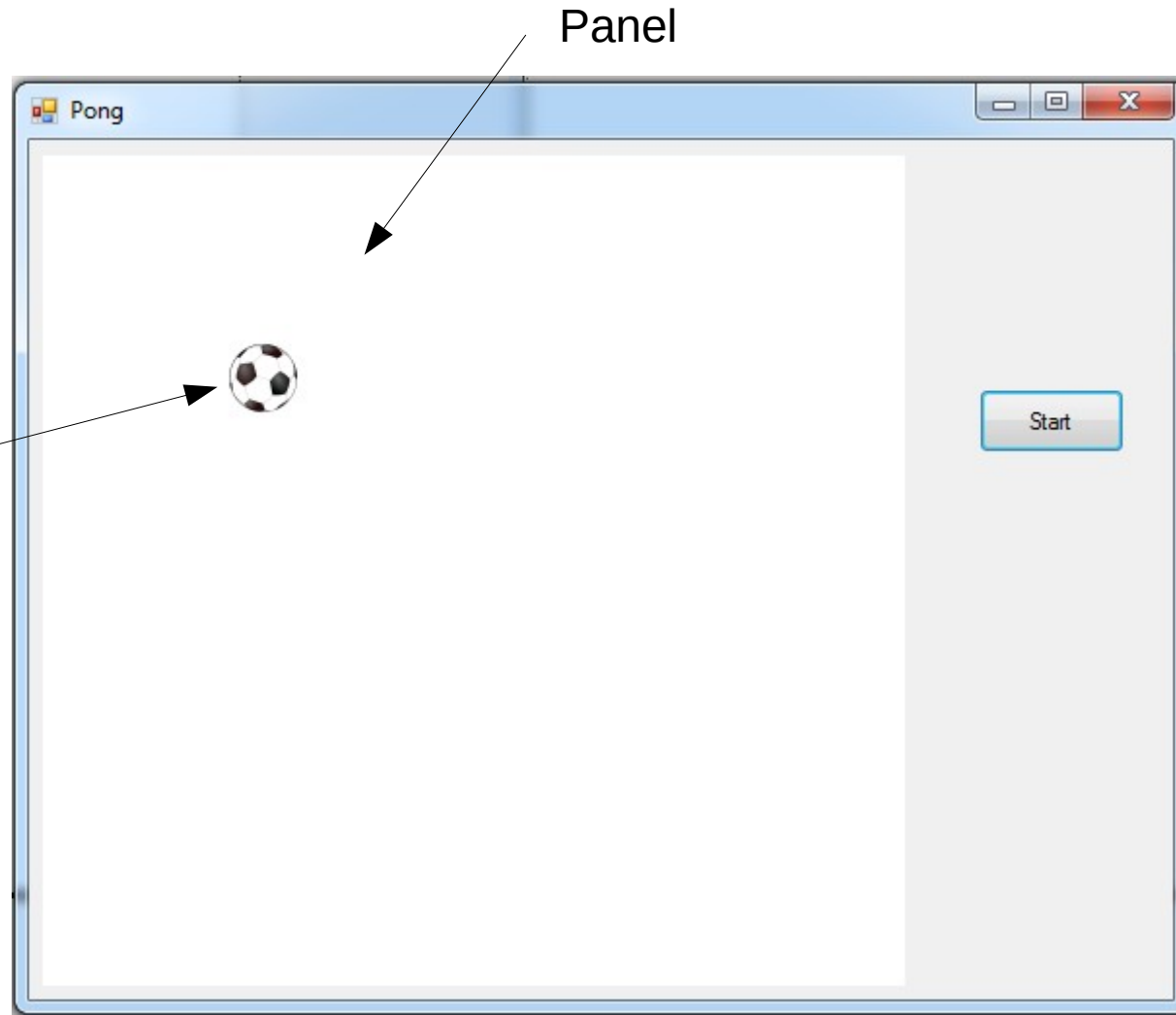
**Remark:** Use `Invalidate()`; `Repaint()`; and `Update()`; methods in case of redrawing.

```
class Ball : PictureBox
{
    private double vx = 2;
    private double vy = 2;

    public double Vx
    {
        get
        {
            return vx;
        }
        set
        {
            vx = value;
        }
    }

    public double Vy
    {
        get
        {
            return vy;
        }
        set
        {
            vy = value;
        }
    }
}
```

# Task 2: Ball Movement



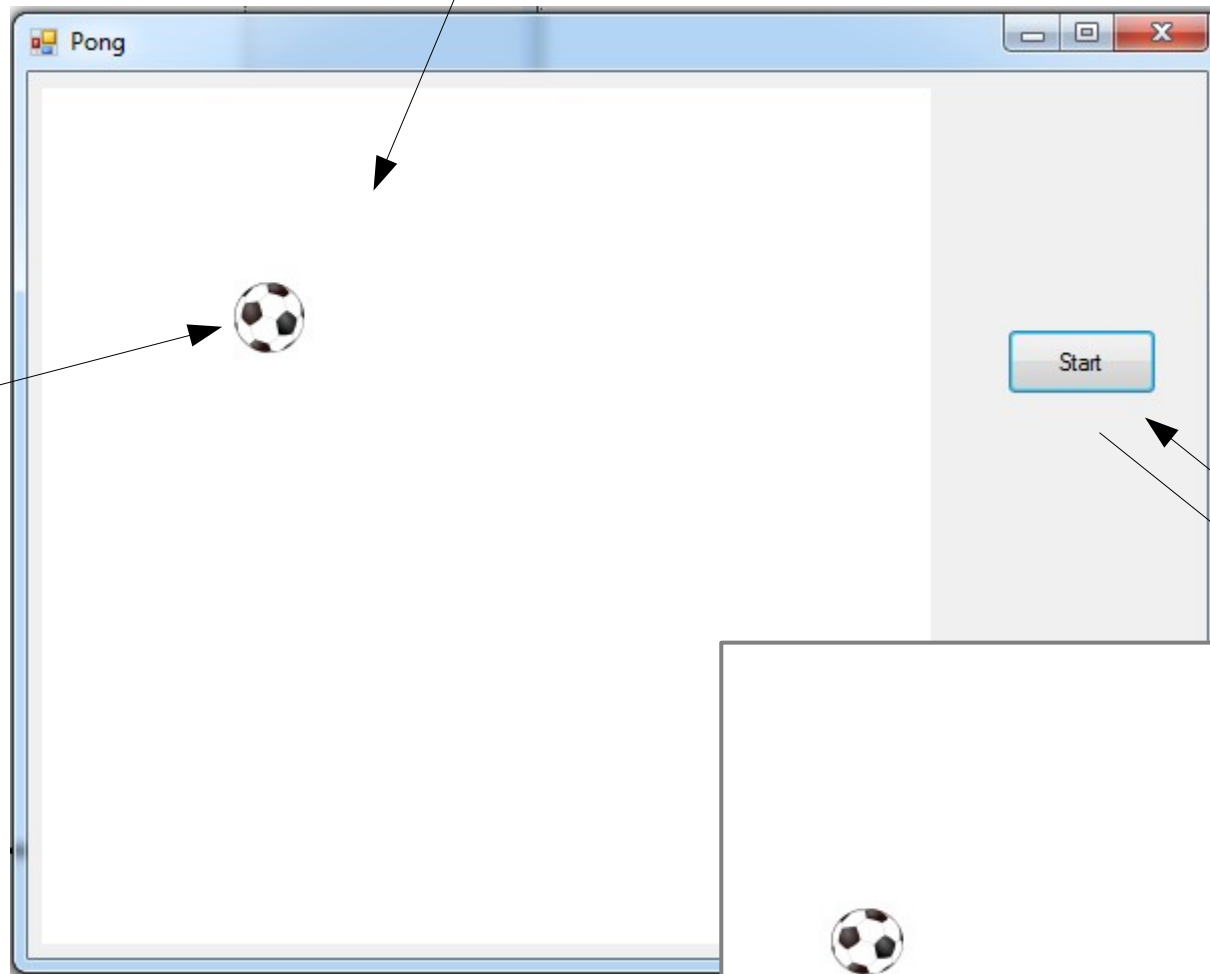
## Ball

- Image (loaded as a resource)
- SizeMode
- **Should move after clicking „Start”, Vx pixels right and Vy pixels down**

+ timer

 timerBallMovement

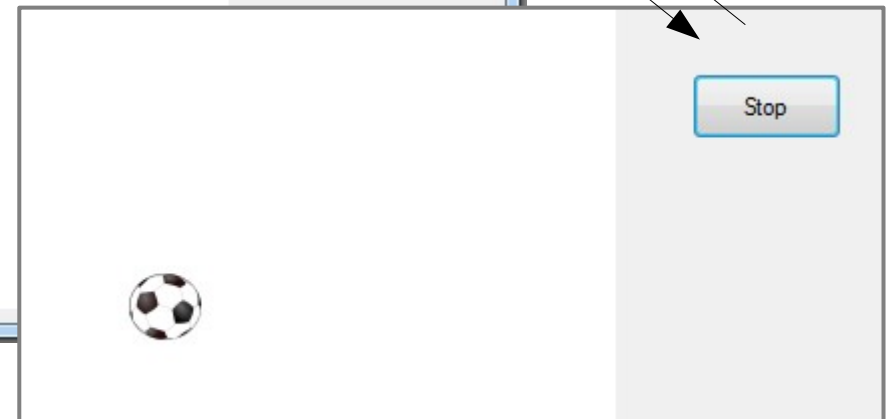
Panel



Ball  
- Image  
(loaded as a resource)  
- SizeMode  
- **Should move after clicking „Start”, Vx pixels right and Vy pixels down**

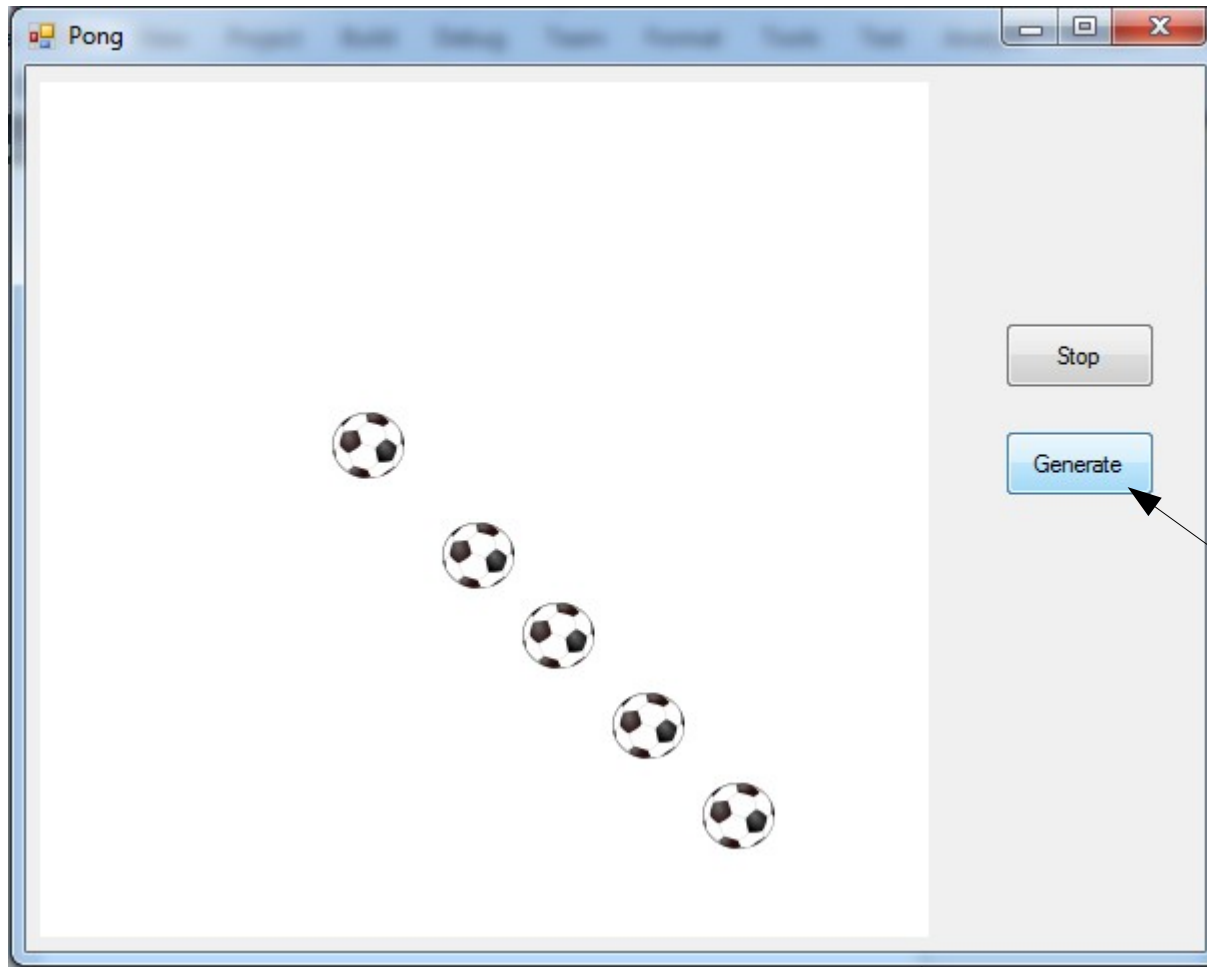
+ timer

 timerBallMovement



Possibility to Stop and Start ball movement.

# Task 3: Ball Generation



Generates new ball



# Collections (List)

---

- We can create empty list with:

```
List<int> listInt = new List<int>();
```

```
List<Ball> listBalls = new List<Ball>();
```

- Adding to the list:

```
listInt.Add(3);  
listBalls.Add(ballFirst);
```

# Collections (List)

- We can create empty list with:

```
List<int> listInt = new List<int>();  
List<Ball> listBalls = new List<Ball>();
```

- Adding to the list:

```
listInt.Add(3);  
listBalls.Add(ballFirst);
```

- Iterating:

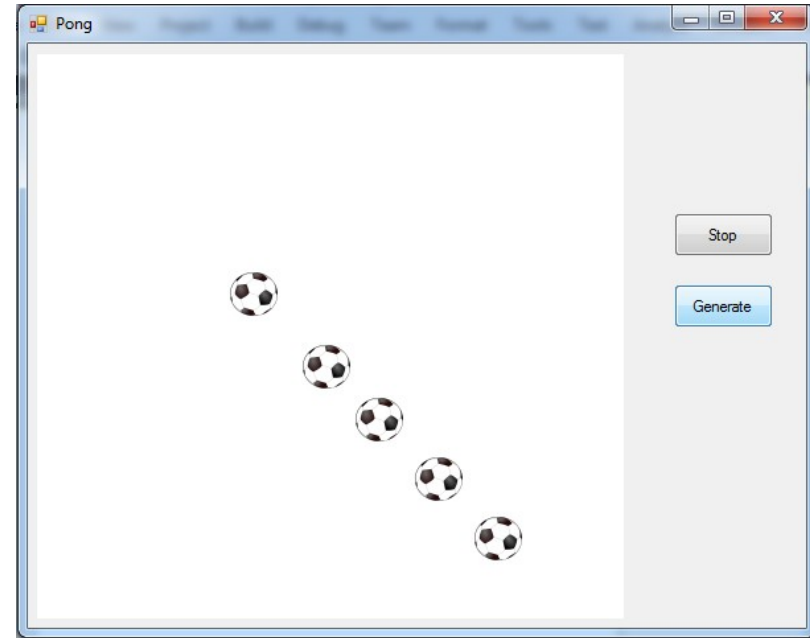
```
foreach (Ball ball in listBalls)  
{  
  
}
```

# Suggestions

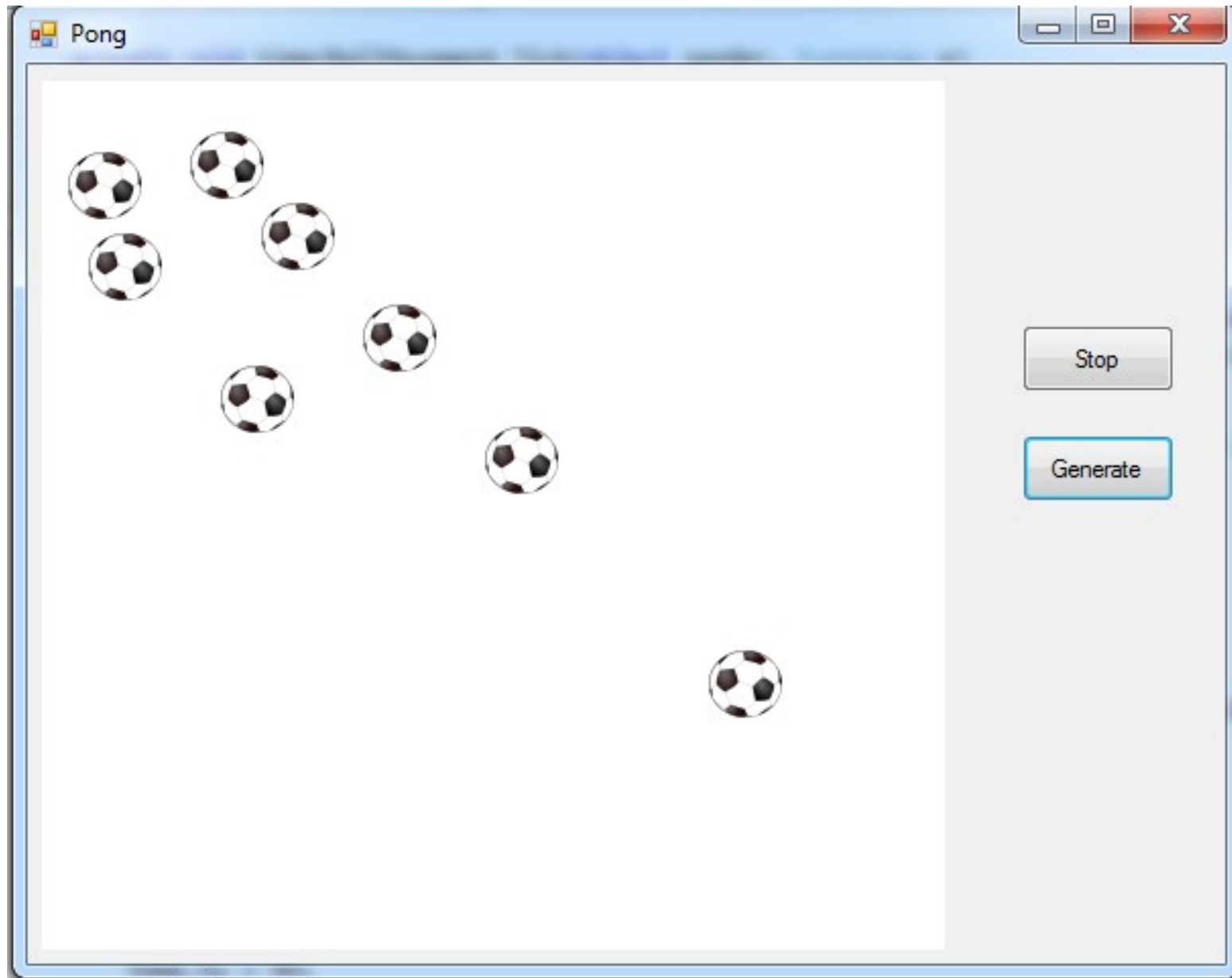
- Create new global Ball list
- Create new temp ball (new)
- Set its properties
  - Copy from generated code of Form.Designer.cs
- Add to the balls list
- Add to the panel control list

```
panelPole.Controls.Add(temp);
```

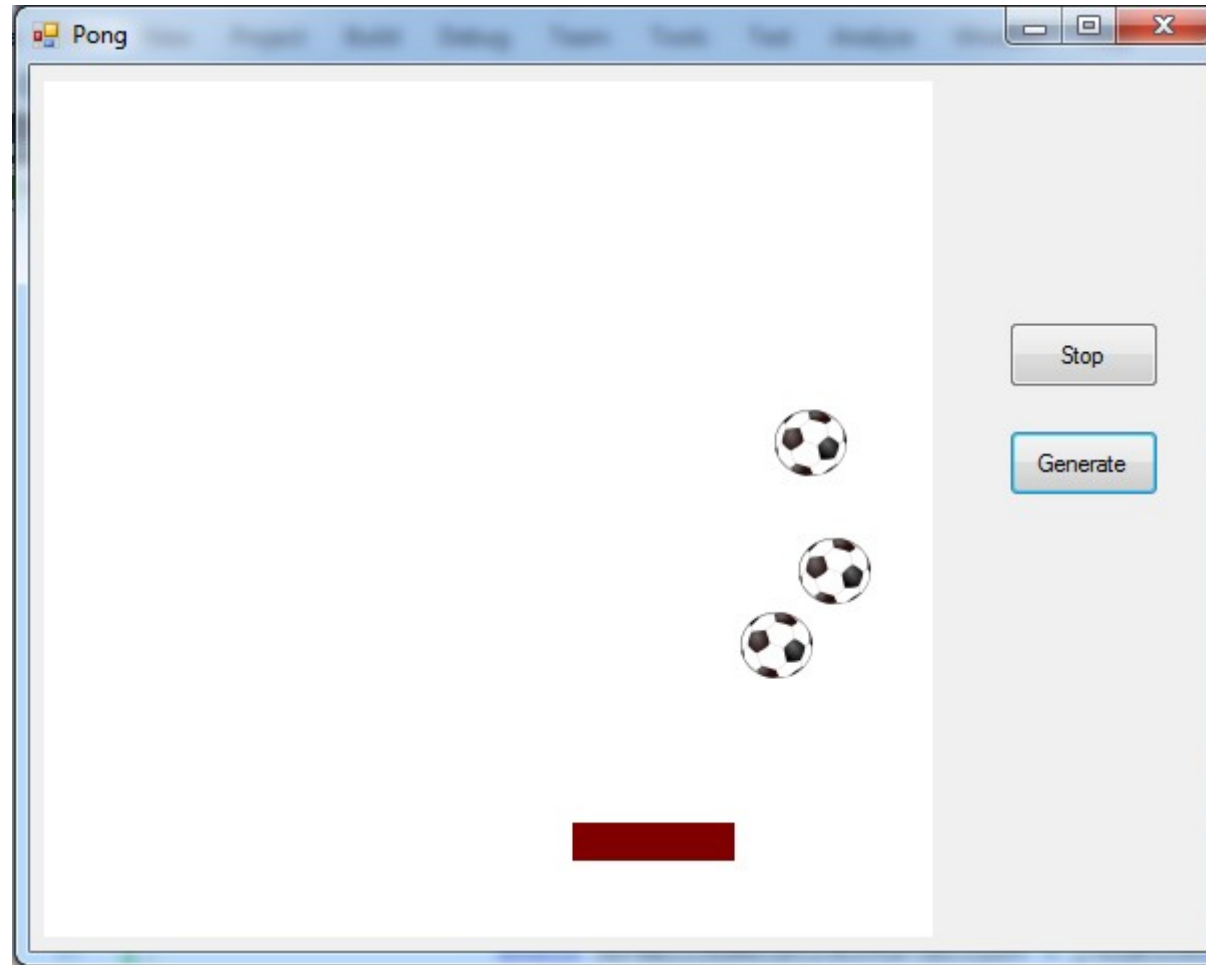
- Change location of balls using foreach loop



# Collisions with walls



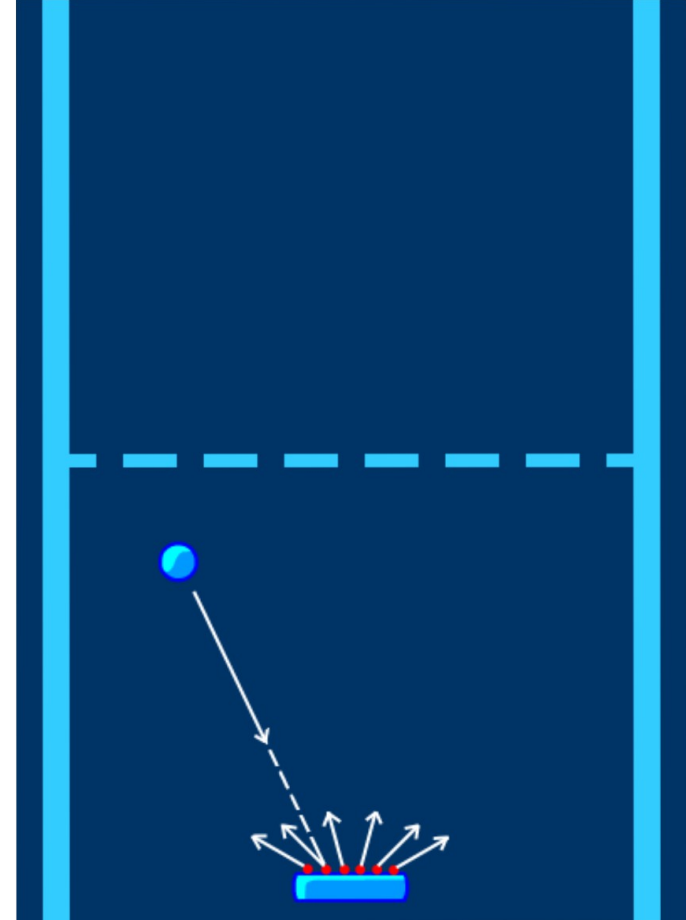
# Collisions with the paddle



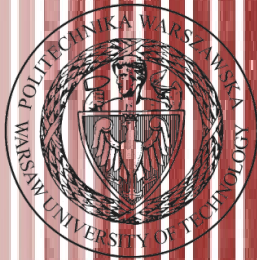
MouseMove

# Collisions with the paddle

Ball direction after collision with paddle → only the place where ball hit the paddle (relative intersection point) is taken into account



```
double relativeIntersectY = (paddleX + (PADDLEWIDTH / 2)) - ballY;  
double normalizedRelativeIntersectionY = (relativeIntersectY / (PADDLEWIDTH / 2));  
double bounceAngle = normalizedRelativeIntersectionY * MAXBOUNCEANGLE;  
ball.Vx = BALLSPEED * -Math.Sin(bounceAngle);  
ball.Vy = BALLSPEED * Math.Cos(bounceAngle);
```



# THE END

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